

Women Against War | Manohar Khushalani



NSD Play Directed by Waman Kendre

A review by Manohar Khushalani

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National School of Drama's "*Ghazab Teri Ada*", an anti-war play, adapted from Aristophane's Greek comedy, *Lysistrata*, was staged at IIC. Adaptation, music design and direction is by Waman Kendre and light design by Suresh Bharadwaj. The play was initially performed at NSD as a tribute to war victims around the centenary of World War I. However, with the prevailing war psychosis, the play has contemporary relevance too. Taking a cue from the Greek play, first performed in classical Athens in 411 BC, which was a comic account of one woman's extraordinary mission to end the Peloponnesian War, the protagonist of the Hindi play, Laya, convinces the wives of soldiers, to withdraw sexual favours to their husbands, until they agree to desist from fighting the War Mongering King's battles. In the non-violent protest, even the Queen is co-opted. In order to seal all alternatives for men, even the lady brothel-keeper is made a co-conspirator. There are hilarious scenes of desperate men trying to win favours first from their wives and later, in futility, from the women in the brothel. Even the King is brought on his knees by the

Queen. The play ends with the soldiers laying down their arms.

The racy musical, with a folk flavor, has been intricately designed by Kendra. The women's protest, was unusually orchestrated with strident ringing of hand held temple bells, in a martial style. He avoided the obvious *Ghungroo*, realizing that it was more a symbol of femininity than feminism.

Women against War

THEATRE
Ghazal Tari Aali
Directed by Waman Kendra
COLLABORATION: National School of
Drama Repertory Company
23 October 2014



The National School of Drama presented Ghazal Tari Aali, an anti-war play adapted from Aristophanes's Greek comedy, *Lysistrata*. The adaptation, music, design and direction was by Waman Kendra and the light design by Suresh Bhargava. The play was initially performed at NSD as a tribute to war victims around the centenary of World War I. However, with the prevailing war psychosis, the play has contemporary relevance too. Taking a cue from the Greek play, first performed in classical Athens in 411 BC, which was a comic account of one woman's extraordinary mission to end the Peloponnesian War, the protagonist of the Hindi play, Lays, convinces the wives of soldiers to withdraw sexual favours to their husbands until they agreed to desist from fighting the war-mongering king's battles. In the non-violent protest, even the queen is co-opted. In order to seal all alternatives for men, even the lady brothel-keeper is made a co-conspirator. The play ends with the soldiers laying down their arms.

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— MANOJ K. KHUSHALAW

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